Data Development Agenda

The table below covers a range of indicators either noted formally on the Community Planning Data Development Agenda or discussed informally. Where baselines are available, they are provided, alongside trend-based forecasts.

Data Development Indicator	Suggested Data
Mental health	**Standard prescription rate – mood and anxiety disorders** Source: Health and Social Care Information Monitoring System (HSCIMS) Baseline (2013-2017) FO District: 189 persons prescribed per 1,000 population FO Most Deprived: 226 189 persons prescribed per 1,000 population NI: 213 persons prescribed per 1,000 population NI Most Deprived: 287 persons prescribed per 1,000 population
	Standard admission rates – self harm Source: Health and Social Care Information Monitoring System (HSCIMS) Baseline (2013-2017) FO District: 145 admissions per 100,000 population FO Most Deprived: 241 admissions per 100,000 population NI: 154 admissions per 100,000 population NI Most Deprived: 290 admissions per 100,000 population
	Crude suicide rate Source: Health and Social Care Information Monitoring System (HSCIMS) Baseline (2013-2017)

Data Development Indicator	Suggested Data
	FO District: 14.3 deaths per 100,000 population FO Most Deprived: 15.3 deaths per 100,000 population NI: 16.1 deaths per 100,000 population NI Most Deprived: 32.2 deaths per 100,000 population
Emotional Wellbeing	**Self-Efficacy** Source: The Executive Office **Baseline (2017/18)** FO District: 19.1 (mean score) NI: 19.3 (mean score) Note: A higher score demonstrates a higher level of self-efficacy (positive) and a lower score demonstrates a lover level of self-efficacy (negative).
Social contact of older people	**Adult Social Care Outcomes Toolkit (ASCOT) Questionnaire** Source: Fermanagh and Omagh Residents' Survey Baseline (2018) 'I Have as much social contact as I would like' All people: 67% 60+ population: 54%
Resilience and Community Capacity	**Self-Efficacy** Source: The Executive Office Baseline (2018) % of the population who have low self-efficacy (and thus are considered vulnerable): 25%

Data Development Indicator	Suggested Data
	% of the over 60 population who have low self-efficacy (and thus are considered vulnerable): 29% (A person with a self-efficacy score of 17 or less is considered vulnerable.)
People with disabilities – life satisfaction	**Life Satisfaction** Source: Fermanagh and Omagh Residents' Survey Baseline (2018) All residents: 8.3/10 Population with a limiting long term illness: 6.6/10
People with disabilities – accessibility	**Adult Social Care Outcomes Toolkit (ASCOT) Questionnaire** Source: Fermanagh and Omagh Residents' Survey Baseline (2018) 'I can get to all the places in my local area that I want' All people: 73% Population with a limiting long term illness: 27%
Transport Links	No progress
Renewable Energy	No progress
Cultural Heritage	The RSA in collaboration with the Heritage Lottery Fund have developed a Heritage Index. This covers all local government districts in NI. The Index covers a range of domains (historic built environment, museums, archives and artefacts, industrial heritage, parks and open space, landscape and natural heritage, culture and memories and general infrastructure), generating an overall composite score for heritage.

Data Development Indicator	Suggested Data
	Baseline (2016) FO District: 5/11
Child development in the immediate pre-school year	No progress. This is an indicator for development on the PfG Data Development agenda and is still in development. It will be published at LGD14 level when available.

In addition to the above, which were formally noted as Data Development Indicators in the Fermanagh and Omagh 2030 Community Plan, the need for a range of other indicators has arisen through conversations during the action planning stage. They are listed below for consideration:

- Fear of crime
- Volunteering
- Community Involvement
- Child Poverty
- Children with special educational needs
- Kids Life and Times Survey
- Young Life and Times Survey
- Gap between houses we have and houses we need